

Computer Networks

Lesson 2

The Application Layer

Problems



Problem 1: True or False?

- a) A user requests a web page consisting of text and 3 references to images. To get that page, the client sends a request message and receives four reply messages.
- b) Two different web pages (www.mit.edu/research.html and www.mit.edu/students.html) can be sent over the same persistent connection.
- c) With non-persistent connections between a browser and a source server, a single TCP segment can carry two different HTTP request messages.
- d) The "Date:" header line of the HTTP response message indicates when the object was last modified.
- e) HTTP response messages never include an empty message body.

Problem 2: Application-Transport

An HTTP client wants to retrieve a web document that is located at a given URL. Initially, the IP address of the HTTP server is unknown. What application-layer and transport-layer protocols, in addition to HTTP, are required in this scenario?

Problem 3: HTTP Client Headers

The following ASCII string was captured when the browser was sending an HTTP GET message.

NOTE: The width of the lines in the box is 60 characters

```
GET /cs453/index.html HTTP/1.1↵Host: gaia.cs.umass.edu↵Use
r-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows;U; Windows NT 5.1; en-US; rv:1
.7.2) Gecko/20040804 Netscape/7.2 (ax)↵Accept: ext/xml, app
lication/xml, application/xhtml+xml, text/html;q=0.9, text/p
lain;q=0.8, image/png, */*;q=0.5↵Accept-Language: en-us,en;
q=0.5↵Accept-Encoding: zip,deflate↵Accept-Charset: ISO-885
9-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7↵Keep-Alive: 300↵Connection: keep-a
live↵↵↵
```

NOTE: ↵ is a carriage return and ↵ is an end of line.

Answer the following questions, indicating in which part of the HTTP GET message the answer to the question is located:

- What is the URL of the requested document?
- What version of HTTP is running in the browser?
- Does the browser request a persistent connection or not?
- What is the IP address of the host running the browser?
- What type of browser sends the message? Why is it necessary to indicate the type of browser in the message?
- How many bytes does the HTTP_PDU sent by the customer occupy?
- How many bytes of HTTP_UD carries?

Problem 4: HTTP Server Headers

The following string shows the response returned by the Web server to the message from the previous problem.

NOTE: The width of the lines in the box is 60 characters

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK←↓Date: Tue, 07 Mar 2008 12:39:45 GMT←↓Server
: Apache/2.0.52 (Fedora)←↓Last-modified: Sat, 10 Dec 2005 18
:27:46 GMT←↓ETag: "526c3-f22-a88a4c80"←↓Accept-Ranges: bytes
←↓Content-Length: 3874←↓Keep-Alive: timeout=max=100←↓Connect
ion: keep-alive←↓Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1
←↓←↓<!doctype html public "-//w3c//dtd html 4.0 transitional
//en">←↓<html>←↓<head>←↓<meta name="GENERATOR" content="Mozi
lla/4.79 [en] (Windows NT 5.0; U) Netscape]">←↓<title>←↓</he
ad>←↓... Here I would follow the rest of the HTML document...
```

NOTE: ← is a carriage return and ↓ is an end of line.

Answer the following questions, indicating where in the HTTP response message is the answer to the question:

- Has the server found the document? At what point is the answer provided with the doc.?
- When was the document last modified?
- How many bytes does the returned document contain?
- What are the first 5 bytes of the returned document?
- How many bytes of HTTP_UD carries?
- How many bytes does the HTTP_PDU sent by the server has?

Problem 5: Transfer time (I)

Suppose your browser clicks on a link to a web page. The IP address corresponding to the associated URL is not cached on your local host, so a DNS lookup is required.

Assume that the round trip time (RTT) of the dns server query is RTT_{dns}

Also assume that the web page associated with the link is a small HTML file (which is a negligible transmission time) and that it does not contain references to other objects.

Let RTT^0 be the RTT time between the local host and the web server.

How long does it take for the customer to click the link until they receive the object?

Problem 6: Transfer time (II)

Continuing with problem 5, assume that the HTML base file references 8 very small objects that are on the same server. Disregarding the transmission times, to load the entire web page, how much time elapses if it is used...

- a) **...Non-persistent HTTP without parallel TCP connections?**
- b) **...Non-persistent HTTP with 5 parallel connections?**
- c) **...1 single persistent HTTP connection?**